WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A method for determining a size of a wheel on a train comprising the steps of:

determining a linear distance traveled by a train during a period of time by calculating a difference in positions reported by a positioning system located on the train at a start of the period and an end of the period;

repeating the determining step a plurality of times;

adding the linear distance from each of the determining steps to form a total distance; and

calculating the wheel size based on the total distance and a total number of wheel revolutions occurring during each of the determining steps.

- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the determining steps are performed successively with no separation between each period.
- 3. The method of Claim 1, wherein the determining steps are performed with a separation between at least two successive periods for which a difference is calculated in the determining step.
 - 4. The method of Claim 1, wherein the positioning system is a global positioning system.
- 5. The method of Claim 1, in which no portion of the total distance corresponds to a section of track having a grade exceeding a grade threshold.
 - 6. The method of Claim 5, further comprising the step of obtaining the grade from a track database using a position from the positioning system as an index.
 - 7. The method of Claim 1, wherein the period is one second.

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8. A system for determining a size of a train wheel comprising: a control unit;

a positioning system in communication with the control unit, the positioning system being configured to provide the control unit with positioning information pertaining to the train; and

a revolution counter connected to the control unit, the revolution counter being configured to measure rotation of a train wheel;

wherein the control unit is configured to perform the steps of:

determining a linear distance traveled by a train during a period of time by calculating a difference in positions reported by the positioning system at a start of the period and at the end of the period;

repeating the determining step a plurality of times;
adding the linear distance from each of the determining steps to
form a total distance; and

calculating the wheel size based on the total distance and a total number of wheel revolutions occurring during each of the determining steps.

- 9. The system of Claim 8, wherein the determining steps are performed successively with no separation between each period.
- 10. The system of Claim 8, wherein the determining steps are performed with a separation between at least two successive periods for which a difference is calculated in the determining step.
 - 11. The system of Claim 8, wherein the positioning system is a global positioning system.

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- 12. The system of Claim 8, wherein no portion of the total distance corresponds to a section of track having a grade exceeding a grade threshold.
- 13. The system of Claim 8, further comprising the step of obtaining the grade from a track database using a position from the positioning system as an index.
 - 14. The system of Claim 8, the period is one second.
- 15. A method for determining the size of a train wheel comprising the steps of:

inputting a speed from a positioning system installed on a train; obtaining rotation information from a tachometer;

determining a wheel size based on the rotation information and the speed.

- 16. The method of Claim 15, further comprising the steps of repeating the inputting, obtaining and determining steps a predetermined number of times and calculating an average of the wheel sizes determined in the determining step.
- 17. The method of Claim 15, wherein the tachometer measures a rotation speed of the train wheel.
- 18. The method of Claim 15, wherein the tachometer measures a rotation speed of a motor connected to drive the train wheel.
- 19. The method of Claim 15, wherein the tachometer measures a rotationspeed of a driveshaft connected to the train wheel.
 - 20. The method of Claim 15, wherein the tachometer measures a rotation speed of a gear connected to the train wheel.

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21. The method of Claim 15, wherein the wheel size based on the rotation information and the speed is used as an initial estimate, and further comprising the steps of:

obtaining a first position from the positioning system;
obtaining a second position from the positioning system;
calculating a distance between the first position and the second position;

calculating an updated wheel size based at least in part on the distance and a number of wheel revolutions occurring between the first position and the second position.

22. A method for supplying a corrected wheel sensor signal comprising the steps of:

determining a speed of a train;

determining a parameter of a signal that would be output by a wheel sensor connected to a wheel of a predetermined size if the wheel were on the train; generating a corrected wheel sensor signal having the parameter; supplying the corrected wheel sensor signal to at least one device configured to accept a wheel sensor signal from a wheel sensor connected to a wheel of the predetermined size.

23. The method of Claim 22, wherein the speed of the train is obtained from the positioning system.

and

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24. The method of Claim 22, wherein the speed of the train is determined using a wheel size determined by a method comprising the steps of:

a control unit;

a positioning system in communication with the control unit, the

positioning system being configured to provide the control unit with position information pertaining to the train; and

a revolution counter connected to the control unit, the revolution counter being configured to measure rotation of a train wheel;

wherein the control unit is configured to determine a size of the wheel based on a distance traveled as measured by the positioning system and wheel rotation information measured by the revolution counter.